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the demolition of such building or buildings, and the chief of the fire department is hereby authorized and instructed to furnish the necessary service for such demolition on the request of the commissioner of health.

Privies, Cesspools, and Water-Closets—Construction and Maintenance—Connections with Sewer Required Where Possible. (Ord. 270, Apr. 10, 1916.)

ART. 9. SEC. 54. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, persons, or corporation to construct, use, or maintain any privy, vault, water-closet, or cesspool within the city of Decatur where the property on which said privy, vault, closet, or cesspool is located shall be adjacent to any street or alley wherein said street or alley is located a sanitary main or lateral sewer and a water main or lateral connected with the city water system unless said privy, vault, closet, or cesspool is properly connected with said sewer and water system within the following named streets: Macon Street on the south, Monroe Street on the west; Wabash Railroad on the north, and the Illinois Central Railroad on the east. The installation of all plumbing work shall be done under the supervision and inspection of the city plumbing inspector, and the standard closet shall be the Joseph A. Vogel & Co. nonfreezing closet or any other closet equally as good.

SEC. 55. It shall be the duty of the superintendent of the department of public health and safety, or of any officer or agent appointed by him as a health officer to investigate all such cases described in section 54 hereof, and to notify all persons or corporations contemplating the construction of any such privy, vault, closet or cesspool contrary to the provisions of said section 54, not to construct the same; and where said privy, vault, closet or cesspool has been constructed, to notify said person, persons or corporation as the case may be, to abate the use of same and remove the same within one year from date of such notice, and where sewers are within said territory as described in section 54 hereof, and are accessible to the property wherein buildings are to be erected, no privy, vault, closet or cesspool shall be constructed therein.

SEC. 56. The construction, use, maintenance of any privy, vault, closet or cesspool contrary to the provisions of this article is hereby declared to be a common nuisance, and may be abated as such, and any person or corporation who violates any section of this article, or fails to comply with the orders of the superintendent of the department of public health and safety, or any of his officers or agents as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a breach of this article, and upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to the penalties of this ordinance.

SEC. 57. *Penalty.*—Any person or corporation who violates or fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$10, nor more than \$50, and upon a further failure of such person or corporation to comply with the provisions of this article after the first conviction, such person or corporation shall be subject to a fine upon conviction of not less than \$5 per day for each and every day said failure shall exist after said first conviction.

Stables and Disposal of Manure. (Ord. 270, Apr. 10, 1916.)

ART. 2. SEC. 11. *Stables and manure pits.*—Every owner, lessee, or user of any stable or place where horses or cattle are kept, or of any place in which manure or any liquid discharge of such animals shall collect, shall at all times keep, or cause to be kept, such stables or places and the drainage and appurtenances thereof in a cleanly condition, so that no offensive odors shall arise. Every owner, lessee or user of any building or premises wherein or whereon any horse or cow or any other beast of draft or burden, or any cattle may be kept within the city, shall provide, in connection with such building or premises, a suitable receptacle for dung, manure, filth or other offensive matter, which may from time to time be produced in the keeping of any such

animal in such building or upon such premises. Such receptacle shall be provided with a screen cover of suitable material as to exclude flies and shall be emptied at least once every week.

Births and Deaths—Registration of—Issuance of Burial Permits. (Ord. 270, Apr. 10, 1916.)

ART. 5. SEC. 27. *Duty of physicians.*—Every physician in attendance upon any person who shall die in the city of Decatur, shall, upon a form prescribed by the State board of health, file with the city clerk for the superintendent of health, within 24 hours after death, a death certificate stating the name, sex, residence, age, cause of death, length of duration of the disease or diseases causing the death, place of birth, date of death, social status, occupation, place of burial, and birthplace of father and mother. A permit authorizing the burial or removal of the body of the deceased shall be issued by the city clerk acting for the superintendent of health, upon the receipt of the usual certificate of death properly filled out, signed by the attending physician, or if the death be the subject of an inquest, by the coroner or other officer holding such inquest.

SEC. 28. *Burial records.*—The city clerk acting for the superintendent of health shall enter in a suitable book to be kept for that purpose, a record of all burial permits issued, specifying date of issue and to whom issued, together with all the items of information upon the certificates on which the issue of such permit is based.

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SEC. 32. *Births and stillbirths.*—It shall be the duty of every physician or midwife attending at the birth of a child, and when no physician or midwife is in attendance, the parents or custodian of the child born, to make a certificate of such birth, and cause the same to be filed within 10 days with the city clerk for the health department. Said certificate shall be attested by the physician or midwife, if any in attendance, and, no physician or midwife being in attendance, by the parent or custodian of the child, and said certificate shall be made upon the form prescribed by the State board of health. That a stillborn child shall be registered as a stillbirth and a certificate of stillbirth shall be filed with the local registrar in the same manner as required for a certificate of death: *Provided*, That a certificate of stillbirth shall not be required for a child that has not advanced to the fifth month of uterogestation. The medical certificate of the cause of death shall be signed by the attending physician or midwife, if either was in attendance, and shall state the cause of death as "stillborn," with the cause of the stillbirth, if known, whether a premature birth, and if prematurely born, the period of uterogestation in months, if known; and burial or removal permit of the form prescribed by the State board of health shall be required. Stillbirths occurring without attendance of either physician or midwife, shall be treated as death without medical attendance.

SEC. 33. *Birth records.*—The city clerk acting for the superintendent of health shall enter, upon a suitable record to be kept for that purpose, a record of every birth reported to him, together with all the items of information in the certificate, and shall when he has recorded such items of information, file the birth certificate with the State board of health and a copy to the county clerk of Macon County.

SEC. 34. *Penalty.*—Whoever shall fail to comply with the provisions of this article shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$100 for each and every offense.

Burial—Communicable Diseases. (Ord. 270, Apr. 10, 1916.)

ART. 5, SEC. 29.—*Burials and removals.*—No burial, interment, or cremation shall be lawful in the city of Decatur, nor shall any dead body be removed from the city until a permit for such burial, interment, cremation or removal, shall have first been obtained from the superintendent of health. No burial or exhumation of any body